## 5.—Geographical Distribution of Canadian Trade by Continents and Countries.

Geographical Distribution of Canadian Trade by Continents.—It will be noted in the following table that in 1927 Europe and North America took 88.6 p.c. of the Dominion's exports, as compared with 88.5 p.c. in 1926 and 90.7 p.c. in 1925. The proportion shipped to Europe in 1927 was 48.2 p.c., compared with 49.3 p.c. in 1926 and 47.9 p.c. in 1925; while the proportion sent to North America in 1927 was 40.4 p.c., compared with 39.2 p.c. in 1926 and 42.8 p.c. in From 1925 to 1927 the proportion of Canada's exports to the United Kingdom decreased from 37.0 p.c. to 35.7 p.c. whereas the proportion to the United States decreased from 39.1 p.c. to 37.2 p.c. Europe and North America furnished Canada in 1927 with 93.6 p.c. of her imports as compared with 93.6 p.c. in 1926 and 93.3 p.c. in 1925. The proportion furnished by Europe in 1927 was 23.5 p.c., as compared with 24.1 p.c. in 1926 and 25.4 p.c. in 1925, while the proportion furnished by North America in 1927 was 70-1 p.c., compared with 69-5 p.c. in 1926 and 67.9 p.c. in 1925. From 1925 to 1927 the proportion of Canada's imports from the United Kingdom decreased from 19.0 p.c. to 15.9 p.c., while the proportion from the United States increased from 64.0 p.c. to 66.7 p.c. The imports from every continent in 1927 show an increase over 1925 and 1926, except in the case of South America in 1925 and Asia in 1926, while Canada sold more goods to every continent in 1927 than in 1925, but less than in 1926 to Europe, North America and Asia. Imports from the continents of South America, Asia, Oceania and Africa increased from \$59,300,000 to \$66,500,000 from 1926 to 1927, while Canadian exports to the same continents from 1926 to 1927 decreased from \$150,500,000 to \$143,200,000.

TRADE OF CANADA, BY CONTINENTS, 1925, 1926 AND 1927. (With proportion of Trade with each Continent.)

Continents.	Imports for Consumption.						Exports (Canadian).					
	Value. (Million \$)			Per cent of Total.			Value. (Million \$)			Per cent of Total.		
	1925.	1926.	1927.	1925.	1926,	1927.	1925.	1926.	1927.	1925.	1926,	1927.
Europe— United Kingdom, Other Europe	151 · 1 51 · 4			19·0 6·4	17·6 6·5		395-9 116-1	508·2 140·3	446-9 155-9	37·0 10·9		
North America— United States Other North	509-8	<b>609</b> -8	687-7	64.0	65.7	66-7	417-4	474-9	466-4	39-1	36-1	37-
America South America Asia	31·1 20·1 27·5	34·9 17·1 32·7	20.0	3.9 2.5 3.4		3·4 1·9 3·1	39·7 20·6 39·5	41·3 27·4 77-2	39-8 33-0 68-5	3·7 1·9 3·7	3·1 2·1 5·9	3. 2. 5.
Oceania Africa	4·6 1·3	8·7 0·8	12-8 2-0	0·6 0·2	0-9 0-1	1·2 0·2	27·7 12·2	32·6 13·3	33·2 13·5	2·6 1·1	2·5 I·0	2·1
Total	796-9	927-4	1,030-9	100.0	100.0	100-0	1,069-1	1,315.2	1,252.2	100-0	100-0	100-

Imports from Principal Countries.—Increases occurred in imports from 26 of the 35 principal countries in 1927, whereas only nine show decreases. Of the total increase in Canada's imports in 1927, amounting to \$103,563,773, the imports from the United States show an increase of \$77,988,082; from Germany \$5,037,654; from France \$4,838,782; from Australia \$3,254,143; from Belgium \$2,710,135; and from China \$2,493,597; while imports from the following principal countries decreased, viz.:—Cuba \$2,986,709; British Straits Settlements \$1,917,571; British India \$1,596,539; Fiji \$1,336,662 and Mexico \$1,311,488. The statistics